## IN THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprising an alkaline nuclease comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 alkaline nuclease of SEQ ID NO: 2 and a single stranded DNA binding polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 single stranded DNA binding polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein the recombinase has polynucleotide strand exchange activity.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase of Claim 1, comprising SEQ ID NO: 2 and SEQ ID NO: 4.
  - 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Original) The purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase of Claim 2, wherein the ratio of the alkaline nuclease to the single stranded DNA binding polypeptide is 1:500 to 1:1.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase of Claim 1, wherein the alkaline nuclease, the single stranded DNA binding polypeptide, or both are isolated polypeptides.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase of Claim 1, wherein the alkaline nuclease, the single stranded DNA binding polypeptide, or both are expressed in a host cell.
- 7. (Original) The purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase of Claim 6, wherein the host cell is an insect cell or a VERO cell.

## 8-10 (Canceled)

11. (Currently Amended) A method of promoting homologous recombination, comprising contacting:

a purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises an alkaline nuclease comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 alkaline nuclease of SEQ ID NO: 2 and a single stranded DNA binding polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 single stranded DNA binding polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein the recombinase has polynucleotide strand exchange activity;

a donor polynucleotide comprising a first donor homology region at a first end, a second donor homology region at a second end, and an exogenous sequence therebetween; and

a target polynucleotide comprising a first target homology region at a first end, a second target homology region at a second end, and an endogenous sequence therebetween;

wherein contacting is performed under conditions sufficient to promote homologous recombination.

- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the first donor homology region and the first target homology region are substantially homologous; and wherein the second donor homology region and the second target homology region are substantially homologous.
  - 13. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein contacting is in vitro.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 13, wherein the alkaline nuclease comprises purified Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 and the single stranded DNA binding polypeptide comprises purified Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8.
  - 15. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein contacting is in a host cell.
  - 16. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the host cell is a mammalian cell.

- 17. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the host cell comprises a first polynucleotide comprising a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 polynucleotide operatively linked to expression control sequences, and a second polynucleotide comprising a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 polynucleotide operatively linked to expression control sequences.
  - 18. (Currently Amended) A cloning kit, comprising:
- a Herpes simplex virus recombinase, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises an alkaline nuclease comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 alkaline nuclease of SEQ ID NO: 2 and a single stranded DNA binding polypeptide, comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 single stranded DNA binding polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein the recombinase has polynucleotide strand exchange activity; and
- a target polynucleotide comprising a first target homology region at a first end, a second target homology region at a second end, and an endogenous sequence therebetween.
- 19. (Original) The cloning kit of Claim 18, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises SEQ ID NO: 2 and SEQ ID NO: 4.
  - 20. (Canceled)
  - 21. (Original) The cloning kit of Claim 18, further comprising a host cell.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The cloning kit of Claim 21, wherein the host cell comprises a first polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 90%95% homologous to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 1, operatively linked to expression control sequences, and a second polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 90%95% homologous to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO: 3, operatively linked to expression control sequences.
- 23. (Original) The cloning kit of Claim 18, wherein the endogenous sequence comprises a polylinker.

- 24. (Original) The cloning kit of Claim 18 wherein the endogenous sequence comprises at least one regulatory sequence for protein expression.
- 25. (Currently Amended) A method of treating a eukaryotic host cell, comprising delivering to the eukaryotic host cell:
- a Herpes simplex virus recombinase, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises an alkaline nuclease comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 alkaline nuclease of SEQ ID NO: 2 and a single stranded DNA binding polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 single stranded DNA binding polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein the recombinase has polynucleotide strand exchange activity; and
- a donor polynucleotide comprising a first donor homology region at a first end, a second donor homology region at a second end, and an exogenous sequence therebetween.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 25, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises SEQ ID NO: 2 and SEQ ID NO: 4.

## 27 - 31 (Canceled)

32. (Currently Amended) A method of treating an organism comprising:

delivering to the organism a composition comprising a Herpes simplex virus recombinase; and a donor polynucleotide comprising a first donor homology region at a first end, a second donor homology region at a second end, and an exogenous sequence therebetween; wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises an alkaline nuclease comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 alkaline nuclease of SEQ ID NO: 2 and a single stranded DNA binding polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 single stranded DNA binding polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein the recombinase has polynucleotide strand exchange activity.

33. (Previously Presented) The gene therapy method of Claim 32, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises SEQ ID NO: 2 and SEQ ID NO: 4.

- 34. (Original) The method of Claim 32, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase is expressed in an infectious vector.
- 35. (Currently Amended) A method of making a modified host cell comprising: delivering to the host cell a composition comprising a Herpes simplex virus recombinase; and a donor polynucleotide comprising a first donor homology region at a first end, a second donor homology region at a second end, and an exogenous sequence therebetween; wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises an alkaline nuclease comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 UL12 alkaline nuclease of SEQ ID NO: 2 and a single stranded DNA binding polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least 90%95% identical to a Herpes simplex virus-1 ICP8 single stranded DNA binding polypeptide of SEQ ID NO: 4, and wherein the recombinase has polynucleotide strand exchange activity.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 35, wherein the Herpes simplex virus recombinase comprises SEQ ID NO: 2 and SEQ ID NO: 4.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The purified or isolated Herpes simplex virus recombinase of Claim 1, wherein the alkaline nuclease, the single stranded DNA binding polypeptide, or both are purified polypeptides.